3.8 HISTORY & GOVERNMENT (311)

More Past Papers: Visit - www.elimucentre.com

3.8.1 History & Government Paper 1 (311/1)

SECTION A (25 marks)

Answer ALL the questions in this section.

1 State **two** ways in which the study of History and Government promotes a sense of patriotism in the learner. (2 marks) 2 Name the community in Kenya that belongs to the Southern Cushites. (1 mark) 3 State **two** political functions of the Oloibon among the Maasai during the 19th century. (2 marks) 4 Give **two** ways through which knowledge in marine technology facilitated the coming of the early visitors to the Kenyan Coast. (2 marks) 5 Identify the town that was established by missionaries in Kenya as a centre for freed slaves during the 19th Century. (1 mark) 6 State two ways in which the National Accord and Reconciliation Act, 2008 affected the composition of the government in Kenya. (2 marks) 7 Give **two** reasons why the British used the Imperial British East African Company (I.B.E.A.C.) to administer its possessions in Kenya. (2 marks) 8 Identify two ways in which the results of the collaboration of the Maasai with British was similar to that of the Wanga. (2 marks) 9 Give **one** way in which the construction of the Uganda railway speeded up the colonization of Kenya. (1 mark) **10** Give the **main** political contribution of Christian Missionaries in Kenya during the struggle for independence upto 1939. (1 mark) 11 Name the first African to be appointed as minister in Kenya by the colonial government. (1 mark) 12 State the **main** result of the Lyttleton Constitutional amendment of 1954. (1 mark) 13 Identify the leader who stepped down as the president of Kenya African Union for Jomo Kenyatta. (1 mark) 14 (2 marks) State **two** ways in which the Harambee spirit promotes national unity in Kenya. 15 State **two** ways through which the Savings and Credit Co-operative Societies in Kenya benefit their members. (2 marks) 16 State **one** way through which the opposition political parties in Kenya check on the Government's excesses. (1 mark) **17** Give the **main** challenge facing the Free Primary Education programme since its introduction in 2003. (1 mark) **SECTION B** (45 marks) Answer **THREE** questions from this section. 18 (a) Give five reasons for the migration of the Mijikenda from Shungwaya during the pre-colonial period. (5 mark) Explain **five** social effects of the migration and settlement of the Mijikenda in their (b) present homeland. (10 marks) 19 (a) State **five** factors which influenced the Akamba to participate in the long distance trade. (5 marks) Describe **five** effects of the long distance trade on the people of Kenya. (10 marks) (b) **20** (a) Give five factors that influenced the location of urban centres in Kenya during the colonial period. (5 marks) (b) Explain **five** factors which led to the migration of Africans to the urban areas in Kenya during the colonial period. (10 marks) 21 Give five factors that undermined the activities of the Kenya African Union in the (a) struggle for independence. (5 marks) Describe **five** political roles played by the African elected members of parliament (b) during the struggle for independence in Kenya. (10 marks) **SECTION C** (30 marks) Answer **TWO** questions from this section. 22 Give **three** conditions that a person should meet to qualify to be a Kenyan citizen by (a) birth. (3 marks) (b) Explain **six** social rights of an individual in Kenya. (12 marks) 23 State **three** qualifications for a person to be eligible for election as a member of the (a) National Assembly in Kenya. (3 marks) (b) Explain six functions of the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission of Kenya. (12 marks) State **three** objectives of devolving the government of Kenya. 24 (a) (3 marks) (b) Explain six ways in which the County governments raise their revenue. (12 marks)